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The New J. S. Department of Agriculture

IBRARY

Double Mock Orange MINNESOTA SNOWFLAKE

Plant Patent No. 538

This new Philadelphus Mock Orange is outstanding in every respect. The flowers are large, double, with orange blossome fragrance. It is very hardy and a strong grower. It is useful for planting a screen or tall border as it will grow to a height of 8 feet. It can also be used as a specimen plant and kept to a desired height by trimming.

				Each	3 for
18	to	24	in.	 \$1.25	\$3.00
2	to	3	ft.	 1.50	3.75
3	to	4	ft.	 2.00	5.35
4	to	5	ft.	 2.50	6.25

J. V. BAILEY NURSERIES

Phone LaSalle 9744 ST. PAUL 6, MINNESOTA

Bailey's High Quality Nursery Stock

Every effort is made to make our catalog a helpful and dependable guide to your planting needs. This catalog does not list all of the varieties available at the nurseries. If you cannot find a variety that you desire, please ask for it and we will send it to you or tell you where you can get it.

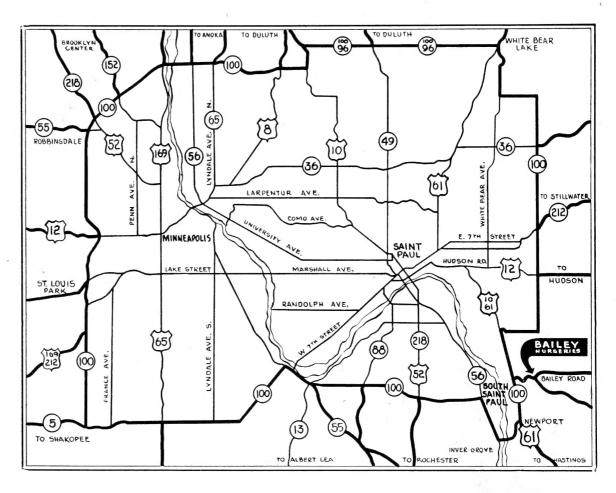
The J. V. Bailey Nurseries have enjoyed a success-

ful nursery business for forty-five years. This success has resulted from the maintenance of high quality stock and service. We are constantly alert to recognize and adopt improved methods and the best of the new plant introductions.

The State Nursery Inspectors carefully examine our stock and a Certificate of Inspection accompanies each order.

You Are Invited to Visit Our Nurseries

Map
Showing
Location of
Bailey
Nurseries



Our nursery is located just off highway 61, 10 and 100 at the city limits of St. Paul, across the river from So. St. Paul. The map shown above will direct you to our Nursery. We invite our customers to come to the nursery to select their stock. We assure you, however, that mail orders will receive our personal attention and your stock will be selected with utmost care.

Bailey's GUARANTEE

- We guarantee our stock to be true to name. If it should prove otherwise, we shall replace it free or refund the amount paid.
- We guarantee our stock to be of high quality, to have been properly handled, and to reach you in prime condition for planting. Examine it carefully upon arrival; if you are not satisfied, return it at once and we shall replace it or refund your money.
- 3. Under reasonable conditions our stock should grow. If it fails to grow, we shall replace it at one-half the original price, providing you notify us before October 1, 1952, and include one-half the original purchase price with your letter.
- We guarantee to do our utmost to give you satisfaction; however, it is agreed that the original purchase price shall be the maximum damages allowed.

Order Early!

It Pays

You will be sure to have your order filled while our stock is complete. Avoid the planting time rush of orders which start March 15th each year. We can give you better service on early orders. You can earn your choice of one of the following premiums free with a \$5.00 order, two free premiums with a \$10.00 order. For each additional \$5.00, another free premium, providing we receive your order by March 15th.



YOUR CHOICE OF THESE PREMIUMS



For Orders Received by March 15th.

- One Apple tree, 2-3 ft. (our choice).
- 2 One Plum tree, 2-3 ft. (our choice).
- 3 One Red Lake Currant.

- One Pink Hydrangea, 2-3 ft.
- **5** One Niobe Weeping Willow, 2-3 ft.
- 6 One Colorado Spruce, 6-12 in.

HOW TO ORDER

Shipment

Many of the smaller items can be shipped by parcel post at less expense than by express. Include 10% for packing and postage if parcel post is desired. Trees over 4 feet in height cannot be sent by mail. Shelter belt trees are shipped prepaid.

Care of Nursery Stock

The package containing the nursery stock should be opened in the shade and out of the wind as soon as it is received. The roots should be heeled into the ground and watered thoroughly if the weather is warm and you are not ready to plant, or placed in water. If the weather is cold the package may be stored in a cool but frost-proof basement.

Terms of Sale

Payment in full should accompany all orders. Money orders, checks or bank drafts are the most convenient means of making payments. If you send cash, enclose it in heavy paper and register your letter.

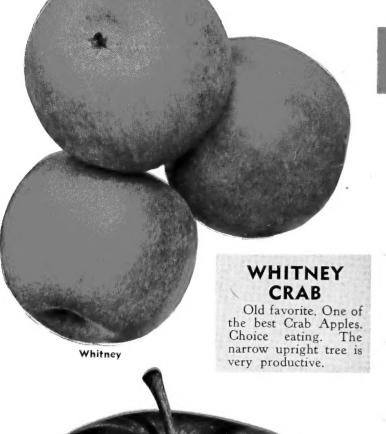
Payment of one-fourth the purchase price in advance and C.O.D. for the balance is acceptable. Please remember that it costs you extra because the Post Office and Express Company make an additional charge for C.O.D. shipments.

All stock is priced f.o.b. St. Paul or at the nursery, unless otherwise stated.

Prices are subject to change without notice.

FREE! Planting Book

The 16-page booklet, "How to Plant" is sent free with each order. It explains in a clear and simple manner how all kinds of nursery stock should be planted. You can follow the well-illustrated booklet with confidence even though you have never planted before.



PLANT BAILEY'S

HARDY STOCK

Bailey's Apple trees are three years old and the varieties offered are the best suited to conditions in the north central states. The trees are grafted on roots grown especially to give you the hardy stock that is needed in this region. Experience has shown that they will withstand severe cold and extended drouth. They are very productive.

SUMMER APPLES

Beacon. This early Apple was originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. The solid, bright red fruit ripens a few days after Duchess. The tree is hardy, vigorous growing and produces far to the north. Commercial orchardists like this Apple because of its high color, dependable bearing habits, early season, excellent quality and good handling properties.

Duchess. An old and proven summer variety of good quality. It is especially favored for sauce and pies. The tree is hardy and productive. It is almost immune to Apple cedar rust disease.

FALL APPLES

Wealthy. This Apple has proved itself over the years. Wealthy has undoubtedly made more money for commercial growers in the north central states than any other variety. It is still Bailey's leading Apple of the fall season. The beautiful red fruit is medium to large in size. The fruit ripens early in September and keeps to Christmas, and is excellent for canning, baking, dessert, pies, and jelly.

McIntosh. An old accepted variety from Ontario, Canada, that produces a solid, bright red Apple, unusually high in quality for eating. The fruit ripens in October and keeps until mid-winter.

Lakeland. (Minnesota No. 978). This introduction from the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm is a very regular annual bearer, and the fruit clings until solid red. It ripens immediately after Wealthy but keeps a little longer. The dessert quality is good, and excellent for cooking.

MINNETONKA BEAUTY

Plant Patent No. 474

We do not hesitate to recommend Minnetonka Beauty to every fruit grower in the north central states.

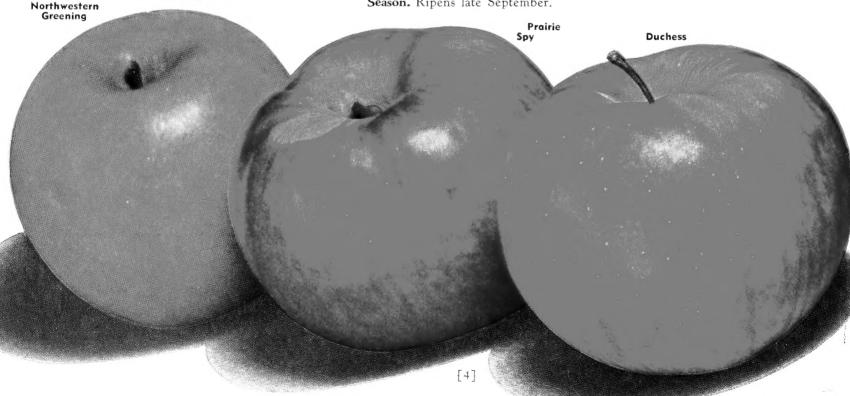
Quality of Fruit. Excellent quality equal to the famous Delicious Apple. Keeping Qualities. An excellent keeper, keeping into spring under average storage conditions.

Hardiness. Very hardy. The original tree is thrifty and bears regularly.

Color of Fruit. Bright red over yellow.

Size of Fruit. Medium.

Season. Ripens late September.



True To Name Fruit Trees

WINTER APPLES

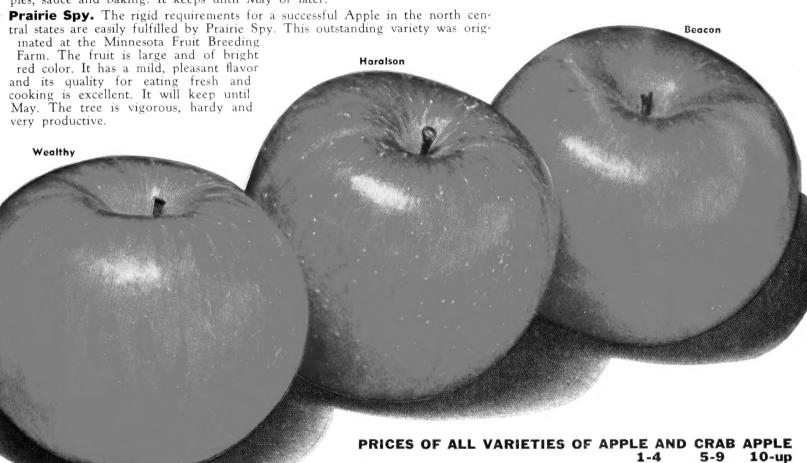
Fireside. This large, long keeping Apple is one of the highest quality varieties ever developed at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. The rich, almost sweet flavor is considered by many as superior to Delicious. The flesh is crisp, firm, and juicy. The fruit ripens in October, hangs well and keeps to April. The tree is large, very vigorous, hardy, and consistent in bear-

Haralson. This variety is now the most popular and reliable Apple grown for the home or commercial use in the north central states. It is Bailey's leading Apple of the winter season. The tree produces heavy crops and tends to bear early. It is strongly branched and does not break down under heavy loads. The attractive red fruit is medium size. You will find it excellent for cooking. The season extends from November to mid-April.

Northwestern Greening. The most popular green Apple grown in the north central states. The tree is large, vigorous, annual bearing and resistant to fire blight and cedar rust. The fruit is large, round with an attractive greenish yellow color. It is of good quality for pies, sauce and baking. It keeps until May or later.

DOLGO CRAB

A handsome red Crap Apple. Vigorous and productive. Very juicy, jells easily, and makes a rich, ruby-red jelly of beautiful color and excellent flavor. Makes exceptionally good cider.



to 7 ft.

to 5

WELL KNOWN VARIETIES OF APPLE WE ALSO GROW Space Does Not Allow Us to Picture or Describe These Varieties

Anoka. Bears fruit on young trees.

Cortland. Good commercial varietv.

Delicious. High quality choice

Jonathan. Well known, good keeper.

Malinda. One of the hardiest.

Mantet. Early, high quality.

Minjon. Minnesota Jonathan.

Oriole. Ripens in August.

Victory. McIntosh type.

Yellow Transparent. Old favorite.

CRAB APPLES

Chestnut. Eating and pickling. Sweet Russet. Eating and pick-

Strawberry. Eating and canning. Transcendent. Jelly and pickling. Virginia. Jelly and pickling.

SUMMER, FALL, WINTER AND CRAB Apple Collection

. \$1.50

1.25

Wealthy

1 Fireside 1 Whitney

\$1.35

1.15

.90

\$1.20

1.00

Haralson 5 - 3 to 4 ft. trees

Crab

All for \$4.50

Postpaid



Cherries

Healthy, Heavy Bearing Trees, Easy to Grow

CHERRIES For The Northern Gardener

CHERRY - PEAR COLLECTION

5 Select 3 to 4-ft. trees

2 Pear-1 Parker, 1 Mendel

3 Cherries—1 Oka, 1 Sapa, 1 Compass Pollenizer

ONLY \$4.95 Postpaid

These Hybrid Cherries meet the northern gardener's requirements for a fully hardy fruit with the flavor of Sweet Cherries, excellent for canning and eating fresh. The trees may be planted as close together as 8 feet. They can be grown as a shrub thus making it easy to pick the fruit. You will be able to take fruit from nearly all trees the year following planting in the orchard.

PRICES OF HYBRID CHERRIES

															1-4	5-9	10 Up
														1	Each	Each	Each
5	to	7	feet		 										\$1.65	\$1.60	\$1.55
4	to	5	feet		 										1.30	1.25	1.20
3	to	4	feet		 										1.00	.90	.80
2	to	3	feet		 										.75	-65	.50

OKA

Many consider Oka to possess the best quality fruit of any Cherry-Plum cross.

The large (about 1 inch in diameter) fruit ripens to a dark purple. It is the first of the Hybrid Cherries to ripen. The firm red flesh is sweet and juicy. You will find them very good for cooking and eating fresh from your own garden.

INCLUDE A POLLENIZER

These Cherries will not fruit without a pollenizer. Compass has been found to be an excellent variety for pollenizing. Flant at least one with each small planting and one to each 10 trees in large plantings.

SAPA

This is the most popular and probably the best of the Hybrid Cherries. The fruit is dull reddish purple. The skin is thin and the pits are small. The wine-red flesh is sweet and juicy. The quality is good for eating and excellent for juice, canning, jams and preserves. The trees are small but very productive. They should be grown as shrubs.

COMPASS

This variety is indispensable as a pollenizer for Cherries of the Cherry-Plum group. It is early to fruit, bearing in the second year. The small attractive red fruits are useful for sauce and preserves. The tree is very hardy and productive.

Pears Bailey's SELECT VARIETIES.

Bailey's Pear trees are hardy. Pick Pears from your own trees. Get pollenization by planting two varieties near together.

MENDEL

Mendel may well be included in a selected list of fruit varieties for the home orchard. The fruit is yellow and russet in color, above medium size, tender and juicy. The flavor is pleasant and the quality is very good for eating fresh and canning. This Pear ripens late and should be stored 3 weeks after picking to permit proper ripening. They will keep until mid-November. The tree is hardy and productive.

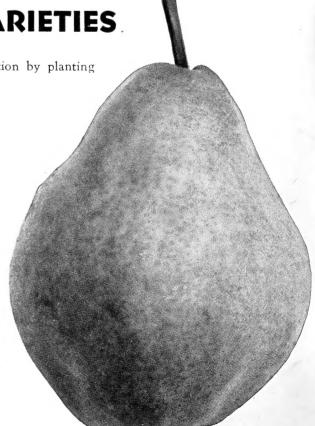
PARKER

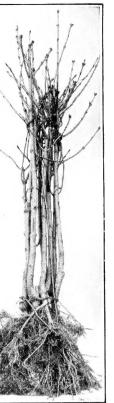
This is Bailey's leading Pear. It was originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. The fruit is greenish yellow with an attractive blush. The size is large. The Pears ripen in midseason and keep about 3 weeks. The quality is very

good for eating and canning.

PRICES OF PEAR TREES

														1-4	5-9	10	Up
														Each	Each	Ea	ich
5	to	7	ft.											\$1.85	\$1.75	\$1	.65
4	to	5	ft.							 				1.60	1.55	1	.50
3	to	4	ft.							 				1.30	1.25	1	.20





Plums

Select Varieties for a Long Season of Fruit Bailey's Improved Hybrid Plums

- 1. The improved trees bear younger.
- 2. The improved trees are hardy
- 3. The improved fruit is better quality.

The varieties of Plums offered have been very carefully selected to give you choice Plums throughout a long season.

SUPERIOR

After thorough testing, this outstanding new Hybrid Plum was appropriately named Superior. It was originated by the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. The tree comes into bearing early and produces heavily. The bright red fruit is very large. The quality is good for dessert, jelly, jam and preserves. The tree is not reliably hardy in northern Minnesota. It has a strong tendency to be resistant to brown rot. It ripens midseason.

UNDERWOOD

Here is another origination of the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. It is Bailey's leading Plum and probably the most widely grown variety in the north central states. The rich, attractive red fruits are medium large with smooth, satin-like skin. The quality is very good, especially for jam and preserves. The tree is hardy, vigorous and long-lived. It ripens early mid-season.

WANETA

This very productive variety has been described as "Prof. Hansen's masterpiece." It is not uncommon for Waneta to produce 4 bushels of fruit in its fourth year. The red fruit is large in size. It ripens in late midseason.

ABACO

EMBER

Many consider this variety the best Hybrid Plum. The large fruits are yellow with a red blush. They hang well to the tree after ripening and keep 3 to 4 weeks after harvesting. This vigorous and hardy tree is another originated by the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm.

FIEBING PRIZE

One of our leading Plums that is rapidly gaining popularity. Fruit is very large, firm, and of excellent canning quality. Dark red and ripens midseason to late. Tree is a vigorous grower and yields heavily.

EUROPEAN BLUE PLUM

Mount Royal. The search for a European Blue Plum, hardy enough to withstand the climate of the north central states, has resulted in satisfaction with Mount Royal. It is very productive, and does not need a pollenizer. Fruit deep blue with an attractive bloom. Excellent for eating and canning.

								Each
4	to	5	ft.					.\$1.85
3	to	4	ft.					1.65

BUSH CHERRY

Nanking. (Prunus Tomentosa). The small bright red fruits are borne in abundance along the branches. They have a pleasant flavor, intermediate between sour and sweet Cherries. The quality is good for dessert and cooking. The profusion of pink flowers and brightly colored fruit make this Cherry an attractive ornamental shrub. The bushes reach a height of 5 to 7 feet.

										Each
3	to	4	ft.					٠	٠	. \$1.75
2	to	3	ft.					٠		. 1.35



		P	RIO) E	5	0	F	-	н	١	1	В	1	RID	PLUM	S
															5-9	
															Each	
5	to	7	ft.	٠					•			٠		\$1.65	\$1.60	\$1.55
4	to	5	ft.											1.30	1.25	1.20
3	to	4	ft.											1.00	.90	.80
2	to	3	ft.											.75	.65	.50

POLLENIZER FOR HYBRID PLUMS

In order to get good yields it is essential to include one or two pollenizing Plums with plantings of hybrid Plums.

Kaga. Although this variety is recommended as a pollenizer it is well worth growing for its fruit. The red fruit is below medium in size. The quality is good for eating and cooking. Tree is hardy and productive.



Enjoy the Delightful Flavor of



Chief. This variety is one of the earliest to ripen, about 1 week earlier than Latham. The berries are of medium size and bright red when ripe. The plant is hardy, productive and resistant to drought and mosaic. Winter protection is desirable only in climates similar to that of the northern third of Minnesota.

CUMBERLAND

BLACK RASPBERRIES

sweet and almost seedless. The

quality is excellent. The plant is the

hardiest of the black Raspberries

and it is a dependable, heavy crop-

per. It is an old variety that has

stood up through the years, but it

must be planted in a sheltered lo-

Berries are medium size, firm,

ALFRED

BLACKBERRY

The berries of this variety are very large, frequently reaching a length of 1½ inches. They are jet-black, sweet and juicy. Winter protection is desirable.

BLACKBERRY PRICES 12 25 50 100 \$2.45 \$4.50 \$8.50 \$14.00

RASPBERRIES

AT THEIR BEST FROM YOUR OWN GARDEN

PRICES OF RED RASPBERRIES

(Strong plants, No. 1) Chief, Indian Summer, Latham

12 25 50 100

\$2.45 \$4.50 \$8.50 \$14.00

Latham. Here is the most popular and most widely grown Raspberry in America. The very large size and glossy red color of the berries attract premium prices. The plant is vigorous, hardy and productive. Winter protection is desirable only in climates similar to that of the northern third of Minnesota.

Indian Summer. Grow this variety and enjoy 2 crops of Raspberries each year. The first crop is ready to pick in early summer, the heavy fall crop begins in mid-September and continues until destroyed by frost. The berries are medium red in color. The plants are vigorous, upright, hardy and healthy. Winter protection is desirable.

RHUBARB - Choice Roots

Ruby. This variety yields heavily. The bright red color is excellent for coloring sauce and pies.

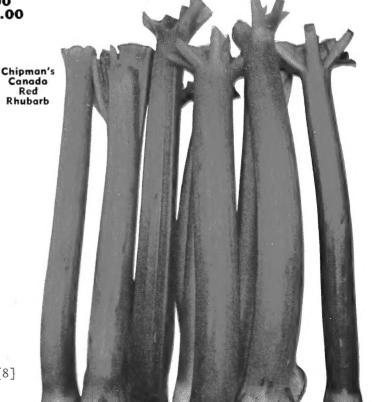
Chipman's Canada Red. This variety cannot be surpassed for color. It is the reddest of all Rhubarbs. It is hardy and yields heavily.

PRICES OF RHUBARB

 Ruby
 \$0.60
 \$2.7

 Chipman's Canada Red
 .80
 3.5





GRAPES

Selected Varieties
Chosen for
FLAVOR,
SIZE
and YIELD

Plant Grapes for a lifetime of fruit. Easy to grow. Fruit ideal for juice, jam, jelly or dessert. We offer strong, healthy plants.

Blue Jay. The Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm originated this hardy and vigorous variety. The blue-black berries are borne in medium to large sized clusters and are very good for juice and jelly. It should be planted with another variety to obtain the best yields.

Moonbeam. This "white" Grape with a mild and sweet flavor is borne in medium sized clusters, but the berries are large. It is an excellent ornamental variety because the clean, attractive leaves are dark green above and silvery beneath.

Red Amber. This very productive, amberred variety was originated at the Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. The sweetest and most highly flavored of the hardy Grapes. Quality very good for cooking and eating. **Beta.** It is vigorous and hardy; well suited to the north central states. The blue-black Grapes are fine for jelly and juice.

Concord. Most widely grown Grape in the United States. The berries are blue-black, sweet and borne in large clusters.

PRICES OF GRAPES

Moonbeam

Beta, Concord Each Per 5 Per 10 2 year heavy \$0.40 \$1.85 \$3.50

ASPARAGUS Mary Washington



ASPARAGUS, Mary Washington

The finest Asparagus grown. The stalks are of very large size yet tender and of delicious flavor. The yield is high, and the roots continue to produce over a long season. Strong plants, 25 for \$1.50; 50 for \$2.50; 100 for \$4.25.

CURRANTS

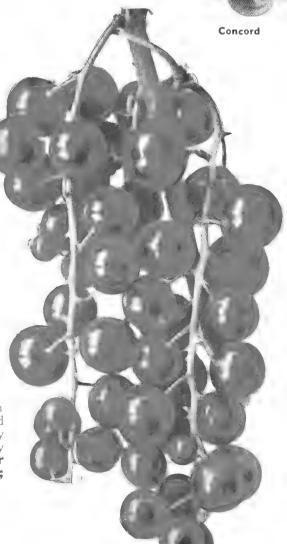
Red Lake. The new, giant red Currant. A pleasure to pick. Berries are large, dark red in color, and on long, well filled branches. Very hardy. Ripens over a long season. Long stems make picking easy.

Each Per 5 Per 10 2 year heavy \$0.60 \$2.65 \$4.90 1 year heavy .45 2.00 3.50



GOOSEBERRIES

Pixwell. This Gooseberry comes from North Dakota. The berries are light red when ripe and of medium size. The variety is very productive and the berries are easily picked because of the long stems. 2-year heavy, strong plants, 90c each; \$4.00 per 5.



Red Amber

PLANT SHADE TREES

The Long-Time Favorites for LAWN and STREET PLANTING

- 1. To provide shade in the desired locations on the lawn and buildings at different times of the day.
- 2. To frame the home and its views.
- To provide a background for gardens and buildings.
- 4. To screen undesirable views.
- 5. To protect from cold winter winds. (See Bailey's Special Shelter Belt Offer, pages 23-26.)
- 6. To provide color in flower, foliage or fruit.



Bailey Trees are Straight and Well Branched

Ash, Green (Fraxinus pennsylvanica lanceolata). This ash has much to recommend it as a shade tree. It is fast-growing, long-lived, drought resistant and relatively free of disease and insect problems. In fall the rich green foliage becomes an attractive yellow. Height 60 feet, spread 40 to 50 feet.

Ash, Mountain (Sorbus americana). The Mountain Ash is an attractive ornamental, especially in late summer when it is covered with clusters of red berries. Height 35 feet, spread 25 feet.

Elm, American (Ulmus americana). Everyone knows this tree as one of our grandest native shade trees. Height 80 to 100 feet, spread 50 to 80 feet.

Elm. Chinese. A fast growing tree. A hardy strain that grows even in poor soil. Will withstand heat and drouth.

Elm, Lake City. This is a grafted form of the American Elm. It is distinguished by symmetrical form and rich foliage. Many show a preference for this Elm where it can be seen for comparison with the American Elm.

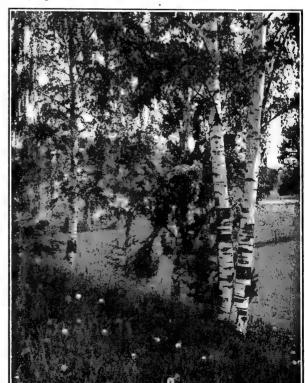
Hackberry (Celtis occidentalis). Hackberry shows a remarkable tolerance to a wide variety of soil and moisture conditions. It grows rapidly but is tough and strongly branched. Height 60 to 70 feet, spread 50 feet.

Linden (Tilia americana). This handsome shade tree is also known as the Basswood. The branching is compact and the crown is oval. It is hardy and grows rapidly. Soon after the leaves have formed it bears clusters of small but fragrant white and cream-colored flowers. Height 75 feet, spread 50 to 60 feet.

The Birches

Birch, Cut Leaf Weeping (Betula pendula gracilis). The drooping branches bring gracefulness to the Birch. The finely cut leaves are attractive. The white bark provides color throughout the year. Height 60 feet, spread 30 feet.

Birch, Paper (Betula papyrifera). Many people know this eye-catching native tree as White Birch or Canoe Birch. The white bark and clear yellow leaves in fall provide showy colors. Height 60 feet, spread 30 feet.



for A Lifetime of Comfort and Beauty



Norway Maple

Maple, Norway (Acer platanoides). A good tree for street or lawn specimen planting where good form and shade are needed. Reaches a height of 60 feet.

Oak, Pin (Quercus palustris). The most suitable native Oak for landscape planting is this Pin Oak. The leaves take on beautiful deep red colors in the autumn. Height 70 feet, spread 40 to 50 feet.

Walnut, Black (Juglans nigra). This native tree is capable of fairly rapid growth. It offers shade, edible nuts and valuable wood. Height 75 to 100 feet, spread 50 to 60 feet.

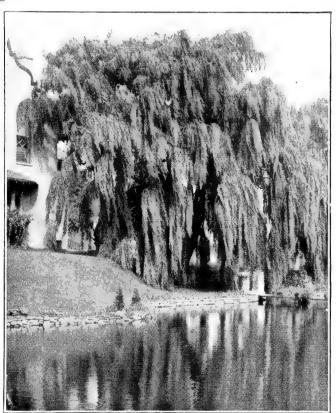
Willow, Niobe Weeping (Salix niobe). This quick growing tree is considered to be the best of the Weeping Willows. The golden twigs are colorful throughout the year. Height 40 feet, spread 20 feet.

Maple, Crimson King (Acer platanoides schwedleri nigra). (Plant Patent No. 735.) This beautiful ornamental is a form of the Schwedler Maple that was selected in Europe for its brilliant crimson leaves. The color is retained throughout the summer.

Maple, Schwedler (Acer platanoides schwedleri). The leaves are an attractive red during the early part of the summer. It is best used as a specimen and should have full sunlight for greatest coloration. Height 40 to 50 feet, spread 30 feet.

Maple, Silver (Acer saccharinum). Sometimes called Soft Maple. Here is a quick growing Maple that reaches a large size. The leaves are pale green above and silvery beneath. Height 75 to 100 feet, spread 50 to 60 feet.

Maple, Sugar (Acer saccharum). This Maple has an oval shape with symmetrically round crown. It will grow under various conditions. In fall the leaves turn from a bright green to showy reds and yellows. Height 80 feet, spread 40 to 50 feet.

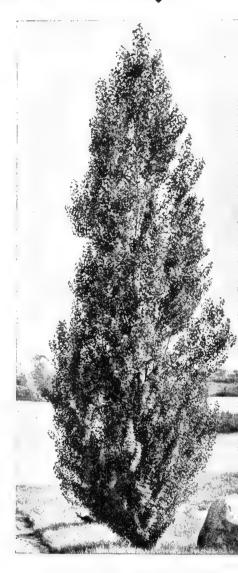


Niobe Weeping Willow

PRICES OF SHADE TREES *Large sizes are listed according to the diameter of the trunk.

4-5' 5-6' 6-8' 8-10' *11/4-11/2

\$1.00 \$1.25 \$2.00 \$3.50 \$5.00 1/4-11/2 \$5.00 *11/2-2" *2-21/2" Ash, Green
Ash, Mountain
Birch, Cut-Leaf Weeping (3-4', \$2.50)
Birch, White
Elm, American
Elm, Chinese
Elm, Lake City \$6.50 4.50 6.00 7.00 2.00 3.50 1.25 5.00 6.50 2.00 3.50 5.00 Elm, Lake City
Hackberry
Linden, (Basswood)
Maple, Schwedler
(unbranched, 5-6', \$2.50)
Maple, Crimson King
(unbranched 5-6', \$5.00)
Maple, Soft or Silver
Maple, Norway
Maple, Sugar
Oak, Pin
Poplar. Bolleana 5.00 6.50 3.00 5.00 8.50 12.50 5.00 6.50 6.50 9.00 8.00 12.00 6.00 1.50 2.00 4.00 5.00



The Towering POPLARS

Poplar, Lombardy (Populus nigra italica). Everyone is familiar with this tall stately landscape tree which can be used to accent points, quick screens, backgrounds and along driveways. It is quick growing and has very glossy leaves that shimmer in the sunlight. The branches grow close to the trunk and upright to form a tall, narrow tree. Height 60 feet, spread 6 to 8 feet. Also listed on page 26 in smaller sizes for use in planting a windbreak.

Poplar, Bolleana (Populus alba bolleana). If you want a fast growing tree with the Lombardy habit of growth but with more color, you will be pleased with the Bolleana Poplar. In summer the leaves are glossy green above and silvery white beneath, and in autumn they become a showy yellow. The bark is an attractive green. Height 60 feet, spread 6 to 8 feet.

Bailey's Choice Ornamental Trees

Hopa Crab

CRAB, HOPA

Beautiful deep red blossoms distinguish the Hopa Crab from other Crabs. Many consider it the most beautiful of the flowering Crabs. The foliage is dark green with a red cast. The small red fruits remain on the tree until autumn. The tree is halfround in shape, growing to a spread of 15 feet and a height of 20 feet.

CRAB, RED SILVER

The attractive foliage of this The attractive foliage of this Crab is cut-leaved, maroon-red above and silver beneath. The fruit is a bright red. Height of 25 to 30 feet.

CRAB, DOLGO

This is an especially valuable Crab because it is equally attractive when in flower or when laden with its abundant, brilliant red fruits. The fruit is very desirable for jelly. (See Bailey's Crab Apples, page 5.)



PLUMS and CRABS

add Beauty to your Lawn and Garden

PRUNUS TOMENTOSA

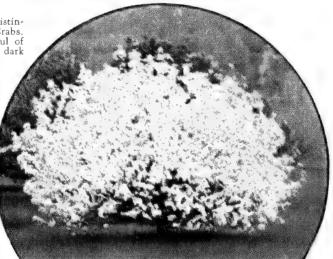
See page 7 for description.

PLUM, CISTENA

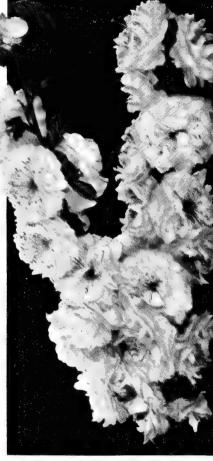
(Prunus cistena). The showy, rich, purplish foliage of this Plum is probably the most striking of the red-leaved varieties. The best color development is obtained in full sunlight. The bark is an attractive reddish brown. Height 4 to 5 feet.

PLUM, DOUBLE FLOWERING

(Prunus triloba, Double Flowering). This fine shrub is covered with pink, rose-like flowers in April and May. It is sometimes known as the "Rose Tree of China." It has colorful glossy brown bark. Height 6 to 8 feet.



Dolgo Crab

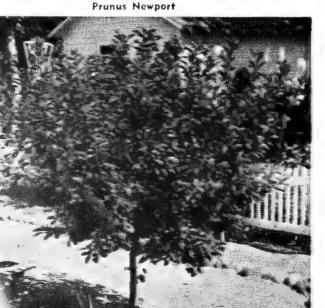


Double Flowering Crab

PRICES OF FLOWERING CRABS

AND	PLU	M2		
	2-3	3-4'	4-5'	5-6'
Bechtel's\$	1.50	\$2.50		
Dolgo		1.00	1.25	1.50
Hopa	1.35	2.00	2.50	3.00
Red Silver		2.00	2.50	3.00
Prunus, Newport	1.75	2.25		
Prunus, Cistena	1.75	2.50		
Prunus, Tomentosa	1.35	1.75		
Prunus, Triloba	1.75	2.25		

Bechtel's Flowering Crab



BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING CRAB

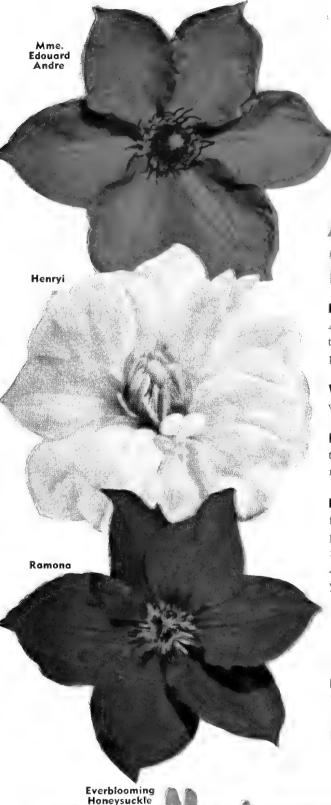
Beautiful fragrant double pink flowers. Each flower is like a pink Camellia. The ideal tree for small yards.

PRUNUS, NEWPORT

A beautiful specimen tree for your yard for color throughout the spring, summer and fall.



Vines Provide Abundance of Flowers . . . Spring, Summer and Fall



GIANT CLEMATIS

The most beautiful of all climbing vines that will bloom continuously for six to eight weeks from July.

4 Outstanding Colors of the Beautiful Clematis

Red. Mme. Edouard Andre. A grand shade of bright red that makes a wonderful display. Rapid growing.

White. Henryi. Lovely pure white waxy flowers.

Blue. Ramona. This beautiful blue Clematis one of the newest colors.

Purple. Jackmani. This old favorite with large velvety purple flowers of breath taking beauty on trellis or porch. All Bailey's Clematis are two year old, field grown plants.



Clematis Jackmani

PRICES OF BAILEY'S STRONG TWO-YEAR-OLD VINES

2-Yr. Strong Bittersweet \$1.00	2-Yr. Strong lvy, Englemann \$0.75
Clematis, Jackmani, Henryi, Mme. Andre,	Honeysuckle, Everblooming 1.25
Ramona 1.65 Ivy, Boston 1.25	Honeysuckle, Scarlet Trumpet 1.00

Bittersweet (Celastrus scandens) The orange fruit capsules open in a showy display of the crimson coated seeds. These remain colorful throughout the winter. For winter bouquets. Several vines planted close together will fruit more heavily than one.

Ivy, Boston (Parthnocissus tricuspidata veitchi). The small overlapping leaves are held close to the wall to form a tight screen. The dark green leaves turn a fine shade of red in autumn. The vine is hardy.

IVY, Englemann (Parthenocissus quinquefolia englemanni). This useful climber is a well known vine with leaflets in groups of five. The foliage turns a bright scarlet in fall. The vine is hardy, vigorous and fast growing.

Honeysuckle, Scarlet Trumpet (Lonicera sempervirens). Scarlet Trumpet is a very popular climbing vine. It has attractive, dark green foliage and scarlet flowers throughout the summer. It will do well in sun or shade.

Honeysuckle, Everblooming (Lonicera heckrotti). A delightful new vine with immense clusters of large, fragrant flame-coral trumpets lined with creamy gold. Blooms abundantly from May until frost, reaching its full glory in early summer. The dark, glossy, blue-green leaves make a perfect background for the brilliant flowers. It can be clipped to form a neat hedge, pruned to make a striking specimen shrub, or allowed to grow naturally to climb a trellis.

Balled and Burlapped EVERGREENS

Bailey's grow their own evergreens. This is important. You can be sure the evergreens we grow and sell are hardy.



Pyramidal and Globe Arborvitae

Red Cedar (Juniperus virginiana). Beautiful green pyramidal tree. The ideal tree to use in foundation landscaping or as a specimen tree. It is very hardy, a native of the midwest. They are adapted to our soil and temperature.



Pfitzer Juniper and Virginia Juniper

Pfitzer Juniper (Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana). Probably no Juniper is more widely planted than this low, broad evergreen. It is hardy and does well in a wide variety of soils, and exposures. It tolerates partial shade and also does well in full sunlight. It may reach 3 to 4 feet in height and 6 or more feet in diameter; however, it is readily trimmed to desired size. The color is predominantly green although a tinge of blue may be evident. It is extensively used in foundation plantings.



ARBORVITAE

American Arborvitae (Thuja occidentalis). Everyone is familiar with the flat, lacy foliage of the American Arborvitae. It is one of our native trees. It naturally grows in a pyramidal shape. It may attain a height of 40 feet and a spread of 8 to 10 feet, but it can be limited in size by trimming. It grows best in moist locations.

Globe Arborvitae (Thuja occidentalis globosa). This dwarf of the American Arborvitae grows to about three feet in diameter. The round form is maintained naturally and does not require trimming. Like the American Arborvitae, it grows best in moist locations.

Pyramidal Arborvitae (Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis). Here is an Arborvitae that was selected because of its rich green color and slender, erect form. Old trees may reach a height of 25 feet; the height can be limited and the growth made more compact by trimming. This tree is undoubtedly the most widely planted Arborvitae used in landscape planting.

Siberian Arborvitae (Thuja occidentalis wareana). Because of its extreme hardiness this Arborvitae was named "Siberian." The dark green foliage is thicker and heavier than that of its parent, the American Arborvitae. It is dense in growth and conical in outline. It maintains its normal shape well, but can be trimmed to any desired form. If it is not trimmed it may reach a height of 10 feet.

JUNIPER

Juniper Dundee (Juniperus virginiana, Dundee). Attractive coloring and compact, pyramidal habit of growth distinguish this widely planted variety of Red Cedar. The tips of the branches tend to stand upright. Throughout the spring and summer it is bluish green, but with the coming of frost it changes to a purplish plum color for fall and winter. It is very hardy.

Moffetti Juniper (Juniperus scopulorum, Moffetti). This is a popular variety of the true Silver Juniper. It is an upright evergreen with attractive light blue foliage. The new growth on the tips of the branches tends to be pendent. Like most Junipers, it can be trimmed or grown naturally. It is very hardy.

Pathfinder Juniper (Juniperus scopulorum, Pathfinder). It is believed that this evergreen has the most beautiful silvery blue coloring of all the varieties of the true Silver Juniper. The habit of growth is upright with a somewhat broader and more bushy base than is found in other varieties of the true Silver. The tips of the branches are of fine texture and tend to be upright in habit. It is hardy.

Savin Juniper (Juniperus sabina). Heavy branching gives it compactness, and the spreading habit of growth makes it vase-like in outline. It is usually about as tall as it is broad sometimes reaching a height of 3 feet and diameter of 4 feet. It is widely used in foundation plantings.

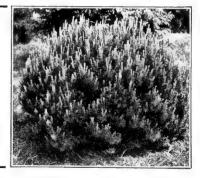
Silver Juniper (Juniperus scopulorum). This Juniper has the form of the Red Cedar, but it does not grow as large, and has attractive silvery foliage. It is the parent of such beautiful grafted Junipers as the Chandler Blue Juniper, Moffet Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper and Welch Juniper.

Welch Juniper (Juniperus scopulorum, Welchi). This very handsome Juniper is one of the more recent grafts of the Silver Juniper. Its most attractive quality is the compact, narrow, upright habit of growth. The vertical position taken by the new growth emphasizes the upright form. It has a deeper blue-green color and a more compact growth than other grafted Silver Junipers. It has proven to be very hardy.

PINE

Austrian Pine. (Pinus nigra). The Austrian Pine is generally accepted as the best large Pine for use in landscape plantings. It sometimes reaches a height of about 60 feet and a diameter of 40 to 50 feet. It is fast growing and adapts itself to a wide variety of conditions.

Mugho Pine (Pinus mugho mughus). Here is a low growing dwarf Pine. It is compact and round in shape. Although it sometimes reaches a height of 10 feet and a spread of 15 feet, the size can be controlled by trimming. The foliage is deep green. It is hardy and will tolerate some shade.



SPRUCE

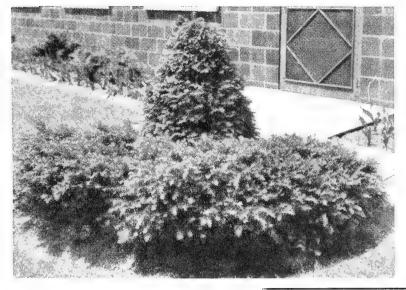
Black Hills Spruce (Picea glauca densata). A robust appearance is characteristic of this handsome Spruce. It is symmetrical, compact and bushy in habit. It is very hardy and is highly resistant to drought. It will do well on a wide variety of soils. A bluish tinge may be seen in the deep green of the foliage, and occasionally it takes on a blue approaching that of the Colorado Blue Spruce. It may reach a height of 40 to 50 feet, averaging about 1 foot a year in new growth.

Colorado Blue Spruce (Picea pungens). This is probably the most popular ornamental Spruce. It has a symmetrical, conical outline. It is hardy and drought resistant. It grows well in a wide variety of conditions from dry, sandy to rich, moist situations. The color ranges from green to powdery blue. Not all of the trees have the striking blue sheen. The greens and the blues are separated in the price list. The trees may reach a height of 40 feet and a spread of 20 to 25 feet.



Bailey's grow over 100 acres of evergreens. Come out to our nursery for your evergeens.

FOR YEAR AROUND BEAUTY



YEW

Upright Japanese Yew (Taxus cuspidata capitata). Is extremely hardy and will survive in the smoky, dusty atmosphere of cities. It will grow in full sun but remains thrifty in shade. The young leaves are often tinged with bronze to give contrast with the dark green of the older foliage.

Spreading Japanese Yew (Taxus cuspidata, spreading form). This is a dwarf evergreen that will thrive in full shade. Habit of growth is similar to Savin and Pfitzer Juniper. Foliage is rich green.

YEW PRICES: 15-18" 18-24" 24-30" 30-36" 3-4" Upright \$12.00 \$15.00 \$22.00 \$30.00 Spreading

10.00 12.00 15.00

Sorry We cannot accept B& B evergreen or ders for shipping, due to high cost of packing and transportation, also risk of de-lay in transit causing B & B evergreens not to arrive in good condition.

HOW TO PLANT **EVERGREENS**

- 1. Dig a hole a foot wider and deeper than the ball of earth. Fill under and around ball with fertile top soil.
- 2. Set tree in hole slightly lower than it stood in the nursery.
- 3. Do not remove the burlap
- 4. Fill top soil around the ball and pack firmly or settle by filling hole with water. Make a saucer-like area around the plant to hold water.
- 5. Fill hole with soil, pack firmly and leave top of ground covered with loose earth, or better, mulch with strawy, well-rotted manure.

PRICES OF EV	ERGRI	EENS (includes	Ballin	g and	Burlapp	ing)
	15 to					3 1 /2 to	
ARBORVITAE	18"	24"					
American						\$7.00	
Globe							
Pyramidal			4.50	6.50	7.50	9.50	14.00
Siberian	4.50	6.50	8.50				
JUNIPER							
Dundee				9.00	11.50	13.00	16.00
Hetzi							
(Blue Pfitzer)	5.50	7.00	8.50				
Moffetti				9.00		13.00	
Pathfinder					11.50		
Pfitzer		7.00					
Red Cedar						9.00	
Savin	5.50	7.00	8.50	10.50			
Silver Cedar Welchi			5.00			9.00	
				9.00	11.50	13.00	
PINE						44.50	44.00
Austrian			6.00	7.50	9.00	11.50	14.00
Mugho	6.25	7.75	9.50	11.50	13.00		
SPRUCE						44.00	
Black Hills			6.00			11.00	
Colorado Blue .						15.00	
Colorado Green		4.00	6.00	8.00	9.00	11.00	15.00

Bailey's Field of Choice Pyramidal Arborvitae







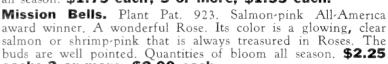
Bailey's First Choice

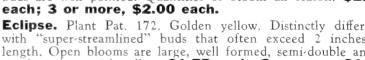
Peace. A.A.R.S. Plant Pat. No. 591. Unique among Roses, being like no other Rose in the world. Long, golden pink-tipped buds open to great, ruffled blooms of pale gold and ivory with pink ruffled edges. A hardy Rose, easy to grow. \$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.

Grande Duchesse Charlotte. Plant Pat. 774. This Rose is a delightfully different shade of red. The long, streamlined buds are burnt-carmine and open to firm-petaled blooms of a lovely Begonia-Rose. The foliage shows good resistance to disease. Blooms come singly, are especially fine for cutting in the bud stage. \$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.



Mirandy. Plant Pat. 632. The huge, 50-petaled, deep crimson flowers open slowly from exquisitely modeled ovoid buds, often long-pointed, and filled with rich penetrating Damask fragrance. Aging flowers turn to a deep wine-red color. Very free blooming all season. \$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.



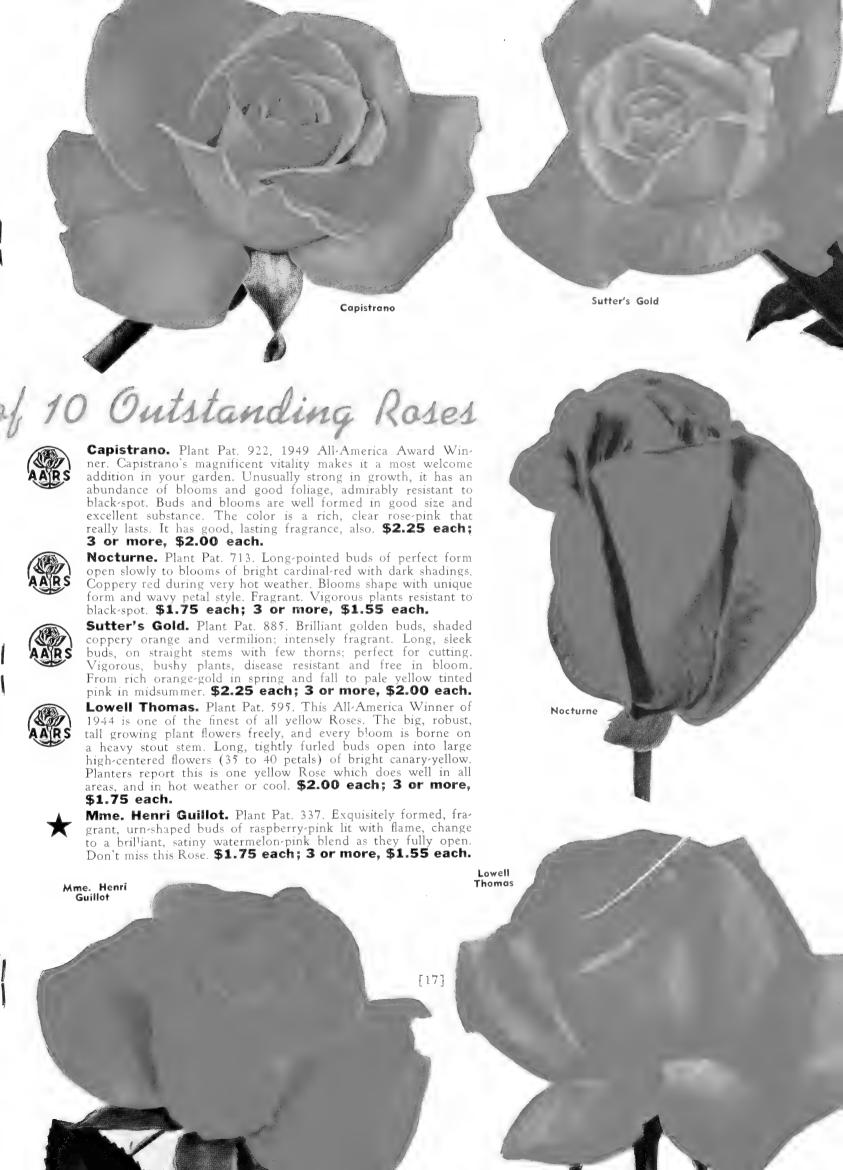




Eclipse. Plant Pat. 172. Golden yellow. Distinctly different, with "super-streamlined" buds that often exceed 2 inches in length. Open blooms are large, well formed, semi-double and a good, uniform, rich yellow. **\$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55** each.







BAILEY'S HARDY ROSES From The Winter Carnival City

A New Race of Hardiness in Hybrid Tea Roses They are Vigorous, Easy to Grow, Long Lived, Free Flowering

Cedric Adams. The eminent radio commentator, lover of people and Roses, has placed his name on this most magnificent Rose. Out of thousands of candidates, Cedric Adams chose this sturdy, large and double scarlet to carmine Aristocrat of Rosedom to carry a beautiful Rose with his name to the rest of the Rose growers of the country. \$1.75 each; 3 for \$5.00.

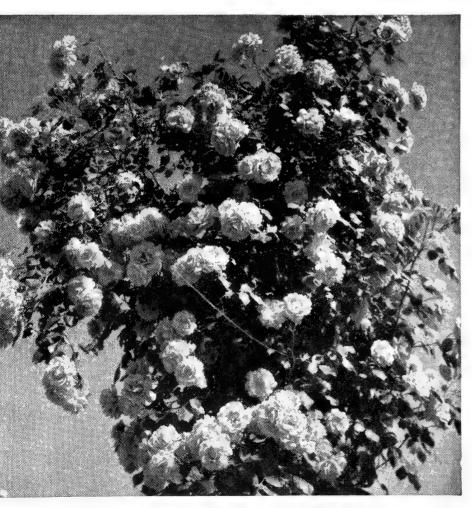
King Boreas. Named for the Aurora Borealis, King of Minnesota Winter Sport, who loves his Roses when the long sub-zero nights are gone. Lemon-yellow, completely double, free, abundant bloomer; a beauty. **\$1.75 each; 3 for \$5.00.**Bailey's offer strong, healthy No. 1 plants.

Shades of Autumn. An abundant and joyous expression of bicolored beauty. Many have reported that this beautiful red, yellow and blush flower is gorgeously outstanding, \$1.75 each; 3 for \$5.00.

Lily Pons. White with pure yellow center, large, graceful flowers of indescribable delicacy; vigorous, free bloomer. Often a feature of gardens in the cold Northwest. \$1.75 each; 3 for \$5.00.

Queen O' The Lakes. Named for the Queen of Minnesota's aquatic sports. No diving beauty could show greater fullness of grace, brilliance and elegance of form, or color more beautiful than this charming crimson queen of flowers. The queen of all the double reds. Deep velvety. **\$1.75 each; 3 for \$5.00.**





CLIMBING ROSE PRIMROSE

This is a rich golden yellow Rose. A strong grower. Very prolific bloomer. Dark green foliage. **\$1.50 each; 3 for \$4.00.**

RUGOSA ROSE HYBRIDS

From Bailey's northern fields and gardens come these rugged, heavy flowering, shrub-like Roses. These are truly the Roses of the North; gardener's neglect and the severest winters will not stop their regular blooming and robust habit.

F. J. Grootendorst. Small, bright red, fringed flowers. Large clusters freely produced throughout the growing season. Each \$1.25; 3 for \$3.15; Doz. \$12.50.

Grootendorst Supreme. Excellent as a hedge. An improved variety having large, fringed, cherry-red flowers borne on a fine, large, well-foliaged bush. Each \$1.25; 3 for \$3.15; Doz. \$12.50.

Hansa. Double, beautiful violet-red flowers of large size, freely produced on a strong, typically Rugosa plant. Hardy and dependable. Each \$1.25; 3 for \$3.15; Doz. \$12.50.

Harrison's Yellow. Bright yellow, open, semi-double, fragrant flower borne on long stem. Foliage is large, leathery and dark. Very vigorous and strong. Each \$1.25; 3 for \$3.15; Doz. \$12.50.

Pink Grootendorst. Double flowers of clear pink. Everblooming baby Rugosa type blooms. Each \$1.25; 3 for \$3.15; Doz. \$12.50.

Sir Thomas Lipton. Snowy white flowers of good size and unusual quality. Blooms freely all season. Each \$1.25; 3 for \$3.15; Doz. \$12.50.

ROSES FOR YOUR GARDEN

Bailey's Select These 25 Old and New Everblooming Favorites For Your Rose Garden

STANDARD VARIETIES, BUSH ROSES

Condesa de Sastago. Delightfully fragrant flowers of bright yellow and raspberry-red are produced profusely on vigorous, healthy plants. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Contrast. An unusual bi-color of China-pink, with reverse of white and bronze. Outstanding. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Countess Vandal. The streamlined buds are orange-copper and open to perfumed, exquisitely formed blooms of copper, salmon and gold. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Editor McFarland. Deep pink. Vigorous, healthy, upright plants are free with beautifully modeled buds and fragrant blooms of deep pink on strong wiry stems. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Etoile de Hollande. Velvety dark crimson flowers with a true rose perfume. Fine form, long cutting stems and a vigorous grower. **\$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.**

McGredy's Ivory. A creamy white Rose that starts with long pointed buds on extra long stems. Has an intense damask fragrance. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

McGredy's Scarlet. Excellent form, grows vigorously, and produces an abundance of scarlet blooms. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

McGredy's Yellow. Exquisite buds and flowers of bright buttercup-yellow. Very sturdy plant habits. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Mrs. E. P. Thom. Fully double, clear canary yellow blooms, deeply fragrant. A dependable plant. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Mrs. Pierre S. DuPont. Golden yellow buds, heavy with fragrance. Luxuriant, glossy foliage. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Picture. Every bud perfectly formed, opening to clear, rose-pink flowers with a faint salmon undertone. The strong, vigorous plants produce continuously until fall. **\$1.50** each; **3 or more**, **\$1.30** each.

Poinsettia. Large, brilliant, scarlet-red flowers, that never fade or blue. Freely produced on strong stems of erect, healthy bushes. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

President H. Hoover. Large, multi-colored blooms of yellow, cerise, and flame, deliciously fragrant. Magnificent grower. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Red Hoover. Popular red variation of the President Hoover and equally dependable. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

Red Talisman. A fine sport of Talisman in a clear bright red. Long stems and pointed buds are an outstanding feature. **\$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.**

Sister Therese. Daffodil-yellow blooms in groups of 5 or more on each sturdy cane. Make fine cutting flowers with their long stems. Long pointed buds are marked with a bit of crimson. **\$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.**

Talisman. Exquisitely formed buds of orange, scarlet, and gold are borne on long stems. Free-bearing and very fragrant. **\$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.**

The Doctor. Silvery pink buds are long and pointed. Uniform color, intensely fragrant. Sturdy bush. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.

PATENTED VARIETIES, BUSH ROSES

Applause. Plant Pat. No. 829. The Gold Medal Winner at the Bagatelle Trials in Paris (1948). Dazzling light red in the bud. Flowers are large, high-centered (40 petals), mildly fragrant, and last exceedingly well when cut. A little above medium height, the plant is very vigorous and the large leathery leaves are quite resistant to mildew. **\$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.**

Crimson Glory. Plant Pat. No. 105. The East and Midwest rate this at the top among the reds. The beautiful flaring urn-shaped buds open into magnificent flowers of velvety crimson with black and maroon shadings. The velvety petals seem to reflect light like a glowing ember, and the fragrance is rich and full-bodied. The plant is vigorous, low, and spreading and flowers freely. **\$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.**

Charlotte Armstrong. Plant Pat. No. 455. This all-time All-America Winner of 1941 is still one of the top favorites for any garden. Long streamlined buds of carmine-red open to magnificent blooms of rich cerise. Always produces an abundance of buds and blooms. Foliage is leathery and highly resistant to mildew. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.

Forty-Niner. Plant Pat. No. 792. 1949 All-America Award winner, and probably the most brilliantly hued bi-color ever introduced. The outside of the petal is a rich chrome-yellow and the face of the petal a vivid red. The buds are long, pointed and delightfully formed. Stems are long also with very few thorns. Fragrant. \$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.

Katherine T. Marshall. Plant Pat. No. 607. This sparkling, warm pink Rose comes on magnificent, erect-growing, very hardy plants with profuse, dark green foliage. The large cupped flowers have heavy petals of coral-pink with a golden glow at the base of each. Fruity fragrance. **\$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.**

San Fernando. Plant Pat. No. 785. Glowing currant-red. Beautiful form in bud and bloom; unusually heavy texture. And fragrant! If you have been wishing for more fragrant Roses try San Fernando—as richly perfumed as any old fashioned Rose in Memory's Garden. \$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.

BRAND NEW FOR '52

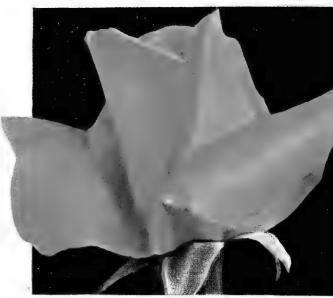
Chief Seattle

Here is a beautiful and unusual Rose. A new introduction offered this year for the first time, it carries a rich shade of buff-apricot. In the bud the many petals are ruffled, giving it a delightfully graceful and dainty appearance, and it has a rich tea fragrance to enhance its rich coloring. It is one of those Roses which is good-looking both in the bud and the open flower. The plant of Chief Seattle is extremely vigorous with great quantities of luxuriant olive-green foliage. The stems are remarkably long and straight and never have more than one bud to the stem. These qualities make it one of the finest Roses for cutting that we have ever seen. The plant is large and bushy with a compact shape which looks well in the garden. Plant Pat. No. 1030. **\$2.50 each; 3 or more, \$2.20 each.**



FIVE CHOICE COLORS

5 CHOICE ROSES



Santa Anita



Heart's Desire. Pat. No. 501. This 1942 All-America Winner has long pointed buds of bright luminous red without other shadings. The flowers are always borne on long stems and keep longer than most

ways borne on long stems and keep longer than most other kinds after they are cut. \$1.75 each; 3 or more, \$1.55 each.

Santa Anita. Pat. No. 539. Flowers and buds are beautifully shaped on smooth, long stems. Color is a glowing rose-pink. Bright green foliage. **\$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.**

Sleigh Bells. Pat. No. 1004. A new white Rose with a touch of primrose at the base of each petal. Exceptionally disease resistant. A strong grower producing great quantities of flowers persistently throughout a long season. One of the few very successful white Roses. This is another favorite that Bailey's are proud to offer. **\$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.**

Tallyho. Pat. No. 828. All-America winner for 1949. An excellent Rose in a combination of two-tone rose with a touch of red. Is a robust grower, free-flowering and delightfully fragrant. **\$2.00 each; 3 or more, \$1.75 each.**

Bravo. Pat. No. 983. A new red Rose with the most intense and brilliant red color ever seen in Roses. The color is long-lasting and unfading. The petals slightly ruffled at the edges. It is an ideal "hot weather" Rose. \$2.25 each; 3 or more,







Plant **FLORIBUNDA** ROSES

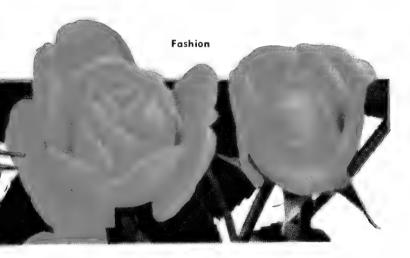
- For Quantity of Bloom.
- For Continuous Bloom.
- For Bouquets and Corsages.
- For Mass Planting.

Floribunda Roses are hardy and long lived. They need comparatively little care, and they come in a wonderful range of colors. Use them along paths and hedges.



GOLDILOCKS

Plant Pat. No. 672. Rich golden yellow. Buds shaped like Hybrid Teas open to very double blooms up to 3 inches across. Spreading, bushy plants, 2½ feet high. Abundant bloom; fine plants, foliage and color. A border of Goldilocks makes a striking display, showy even from a considerable distance. The best yellow Floribunda; winner of the John Cook Medal. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



PINOCCHIO

Plant Pat. No. 484. Throughout the season it is literally covered with im-mense clusters of perfect little mense clusters of perfect little Roses in the brightest, cheeriest, and daintiest shades of salmon flushed with gold that you can imagine. A delightful fruity fragrance. The plant grows 24 to 30 inches tall, and requires no special care for splendid results. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each;



Pinocchio





Plant Pat. No. 812. A velvety, deep red, sometimes with traces of black. Popular in all climates. Free in bloom over a long season. Very long lasting on the bush or when cut. Grows to a height of 2 to 2½ feet. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.30 each.



New for 1952

Plant Pat. No. 926. The newest in Floribundas and winner of All-America Honors for 1952. Its bright, gay, coral-cherry color, its vigor, and wealth of bloom will make it very popular. \$2.25 each; 3 or more, \$2.00 each.



Medium Sized Evergreens for Home Gardeners

Grow Your Own Ornamental Evergreens

A PERMANENT INVESTMENT

The picture and insert below shows one of the fields of medium sized ever-The picture and insert below shows one of the fields of medium sized evergreens that Bailey's are growing for the Home Gardener. In this picture Vincent
Bailey is cultivating Pyramidal Arborvitae. In the right hand side of the
picture are several rows of spreading Pfitzer Juniper. The insert shows several
more rows of medium sized pines, Mugho, Scotch, and Austrian.

Our medium size evergreens are not seedlings (for seedlings see page 26).

They are what is known in the nursery trade as field-grown transplants. This
means that they have been transplanted in our nursery one or two times and each

plant is spaced far enough apart to develop an abundance of roots and well branched plants.

We call your attention to the fact that each individual tree in the pictures is well filled out. It will only take a couple of years in your home garden with proper care and you will have Landscape Size Evergreens.

Home gardeners everywhere have found it profitable to grow evergreens. An assortment of popular varieties can be planted in your garden. Upkeep is not a problem because the trees can be cultivated along with the other garden plants. It is not necessary to ball and burlap these small evergreens. They are packed in moss for shipment to you. Care should be taken to keep the bare roots from drying out after delivery. Follow planting instructions shown below.

VARIETIES AND SIZES

The kinds and sizes available are shown in the price list. Descriptions of the ature trees may be seen in the sections on Ornamental Evergreens, pages

HOW TO PLANT

- 1. Plant the trees as soon as possible after they are received.
- 2. Avoid exposing the roots to the wind and sun any more than is absolutely
- 3. Open package and set the trees in a bucket of water for carrying to a
- 4. Space the trees 2 feet apart in rows 3 feet apart.
- 5. Dig holes deep enough to permit setting the trees slightly lower than they were in the nursery and wide enough to allow the roots to spread out in a

PRICES FOR HOME GARDENERS

(These Evergreens are Prepaid)

		1-9 Each	10 Up Each
ARBORVITAE			
American12 to	18 in.	\$1.25	\$1.00
Globe 9 to	12 in	1.25	1.00
Burgaridal 12 to	10 in	1.50	1.25
Pyramidal	12 in	1.25	1.00
Siberian 9 to	12	1.23	1.00
JUNIPER, Spreading			
Andorra	18 in.	1,50	1.25
	18 in	1.50	1.25
Pfitzer (Blue)	19 in	1.50	1.25
Savin	10 in	1.25	1.00
Savin12 to	10 111.	1.23	2.00
JUNIPER, Pyramidal			
Red Cedar18 to	24 in.	1.50	1.25
Dundee (Grafted)	18 in	3.00	2.50
Dunuee (Granteu)	20	3.00	2.50
PINE			
Austrian12 to	18 in.	1.25	1.00
Mugho 8 to		1.25	1.00
Scotch	24 in.	1.50	1.25
White	18 in.	1.25	1.00
Willie			
SPRUCE			
Black Hills 9 to	12 in.	1.25	1.00
Colorado 9 to	12 in.	1.25	1.00
Norway	18 in-	1.25	1.00
White 9 to	12 in.	1.25	1.00
AAIIIFC A CO			

SPECIAL! 25 Assorted Plants at 10 and up price. Your choice of varieties.

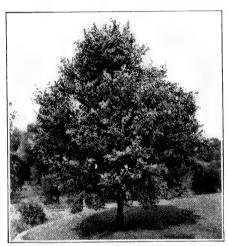


PLANT A WINDBREAK FOR WINTER PROTECTION

Bailey's
Winter
Winter
Hardy,
Low
Priced
Trees,
Shrubs
and
Evergreens

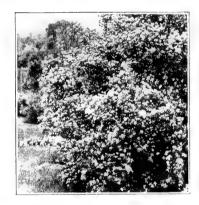


PERFECT WINDBREAK OF DECIDUOUS TREES



ASH, GREEN

The most dependable tree for shelter belt. A 1 o n g lived tree. Hardy.

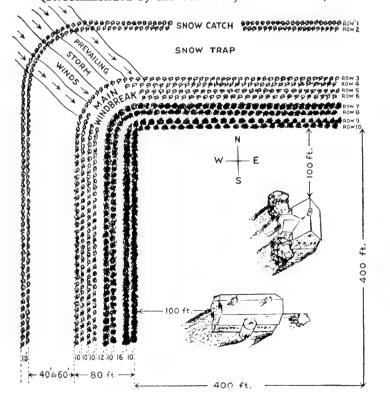


SPRUCE, NORWAY

The fastest growing of all Spruce. It does well in moist, well drained soils. See pages 24 and 25 for more description.



STANDARD SHELTER BELT PLAN (Recommended by the University of Minnesota)



ZABELI HONEYSUCKLE

The hardy, rugged, fast growing shrub ideal for planting a snow catch.

Bailey's Shelter Belt Plans

Rows 1 and 2. Siberian Pea Tree, Russian Olive, Honeysuckle, Laurel Leaf Willow, Arborvitae or Juniper.

Rows 3 and 5. Niobe Willow, Golden Willow, Lombardy Poplar, or Chinese Elm.

Rows 4 and 6. Green Ash, American Elm or Silver Maple.

Rows 7 and 8. Ponderosa Pine, Jack Pine, Norway Pine or White Pine.

Rows 9 and 10. Colorado Blue Spruce, Black Hills Spruce, Norway Spruce, White Spruce, Douglas Fir, Arborvitae or Juniper.

NOTE! We Pay the Postage on All SHELTER BELT TREES and SHRUBS

Turn to pages 24, 25, and 26 for Descriptions and Prices on SHELTER BELT Trees, Shrubs and Evergreens.

SHELTER BELT TREES and SHRUBS

Bailey's FARMSTEAD SHELTER BELT

Plant your farmstead shelter belt now and enjoy its many benefits that much sooner. A carefully planned shelter belt will make the farmstead more beautiful and more comfortable. Experts report that a good shelter belt will reduce the force of a 30 mile wind to 5 or 6 miles around the farm buildings. The effective area of protection may be estimated at 6 to 8 times the height of the trees.

A good shelter belt will not only make your farmstead more comfortable and more productive; it will also make it more valuable to a buyer if you should sell.

Halfway measures will not provide an effective shelter belt. The plan recommended here has been proven by trial since 1926

and is considered to be standard in Minnesota.



Russian Olive

Olive, Russian. The serviceability and beauty of this tree make it most acceptable for snow catch purposes. It thrives under the most adverse conditions of soil and climate. It will develop a compact wall of attractive silvery foliage. The flowers are small but very fragrant. Height 25 feet.

Deciduous SHELTER BELT Stock

Ash, Green. Here is one of the most dependable shelter belt trees. It is fast growing, long lived and drought resistant. It will grow well in a wide variety of soil conditions. Height 60 feet.

Elm, American. Everyone knows the American Elm. It is well suited to use in rows four to six where hardy, long lived trees are required. Height 80 to 100 feet.

Elm, Chinese. For hardiness this dought resistant, Siberian strain of Chinese Elm is difficult to surpass. It is a remarkably fast growing Elm that can be used in rows three to six. In three years it will reach a height of 10 to 15 feet. Height 65 feet.

Honeysuckle, Tartarian. The snow catch rows become attractive when planted to this shrub. It is perfectly hardy. It has fragrant white-to-rose-colored flowers in the spring, bright red berries in summer and autumn and showy gray branches in winter. Height 10 to 12 feet.

Maple, Silver. Here is a quick growing Maple that is suited for planting in rows four and six where the more hardy and more permanent trees are required. Height 75 to 100 feet.

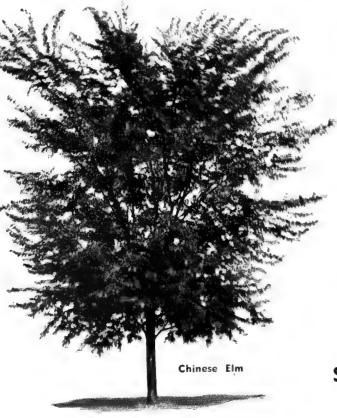
Poplar, Lombardy. Here is a suitable tree for planting in rows 3 and 5. It is quick growing and hardy. Height 60 feet.

Pea Tree, Siberian. Many people know this shrub as Caragana. It thrives in a wide variety of soil conditions, withstands drought and is perfectly hardy. It is exceptionally good for snow catch plantings. Height 12 to 15 feet.

Willow, Golden. Colorful golden branches add to the usefulness of this Willow. It will grow under a variety of conditions, but will thrive especially in wet soils. It is suitable for planting in rows 3 and 5 where quick growth is needed. Height 40 feet.

Willow, Laurel. For rapid development of a snow catch, plant this quick growing Willow. The large, shining leaves form an attractive foliage. They are dark green above, paler beneath. Height 20 to 25 feet.

Willow, Niobe Weeping. This quick growing tree is the best of the Weeping Willows. It may be used in rows three and five of the shelter belt. Height 40 feet



TREES BEST

> LESS COST

EASY PLANTING

EASY SHIPPING

See Prices for SHELTER BELT Page 26



Weeping Willow



Plant Your Windbreak This Spring

SHELTER BELT EVERGREENS

Evergreens are essential to a good shelter belt planting. They may be used alone if the site does not permit establishment of the standard shelter belt. Considerable protection can be obtained from a three-row planting of evergreens with Fir or spruce on the outside row, Pine in the center row, and Spruce on the inside row. They should be spaced as recommended for Evergreens in the standard plan. In plantings of less than three rows, the effectiveness is greatly reduced when a tree dies.

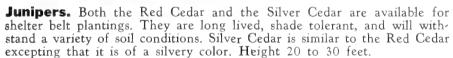
More rows are preferred.

Evergreen seedlings are offered for those who wish to reduce the cost of the shelter belt. Seedlings should be set out

in the garden for at least two years before being used in the shelter belt. They can be planted close together (from 4 to 8 inches).

Evergreen transplants are ready for planting in the permanent shelter belt. They have been grown in the open field for 3 years in addition to 2 or 3 years in the seed beds. They have an abundance of fibrous roots and are well branched.

Arborvitae, American. You will find this Evergreen tolerant of shade and various soil conditions. It will grow in wet or swampy places where other Evergreens will fail. It is excellent for filling up holes in a shelter belt because it can withstand shade. Height 30 feet.



Pine, Jack. This fast growing Pine is very hardy and will thrive on soils too poor for other Pines. Height 50 feet.

Pine, Norway. A very fast grower desirable for group planting.

Pine, Ponderosa. Many know this vigorous drought-resisting tree as the "Bull Pine." It is probably the best Pine for heavy soils. Height 60 to 80 feet.

Pine, Scotch. The qualities of Scotch Pine are similar to the Ponderosa Pine. Needles are shorter and brighter green.

Pine, White. This well known Pine is excellent for shelter belt planting; it is easily transplanted, has long life and is capable of rapid growth. Height 70 to 80 feet.

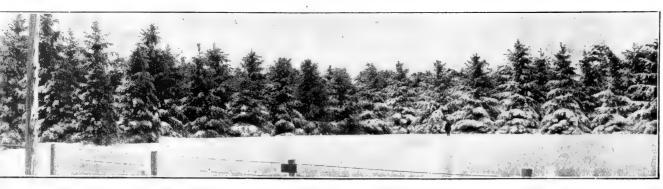
Spruce, Black Hills. A fine record for winter hardiness and drought resistance may be credited to this Spruce. It makes a beautiful and compact shelter, and is one of the most popular Spruce for shelter belt plantings. Height 40 to 50 feet.

Spruce, Colorado Blue. There is a large demand for this hardy drought-resistant Spruce. Not all Colorado Spruce have the blue tinge in the needle and the stock we offer here includes both the blue and green trees as it is impossible to sort them for color at this size. You are assured of a high percentage of the blue trees. Height 40 to 50 feet.

Spruce, Norway. The rapid growth of this Spruce makes it a favorite shelter belt tree. It does well in moist, well-drained soils. It will not with stand drought as well as the Black Hills, Colorado or White Spruces. Height 50 to 60 feet.

Spruce, White. Similar in appearance and characteristics to the Black Hills Spruce but a little faster in growth.





Colorado Blue Spruce As Seen From Sheltered Farm Home.

HANDLING and PLANTING TIPS

- 1. Water plants in the packages as soon as you pick them up. Do not allow the roots to dry.
- "Heel-in" plants until you are ready to plant.
 Carry plants for planting in a pail half full of water.
- 4. Dig only as many plants as can be planted in one hour.
- 5. Dig holes large enough to permit the roots to spread out in a normal manner.

Spacing

All trees and shrubs planted in the shelter belt should be staggered to fill up the gaps and thereby to more effectively check the wind. The spacing between the rows is shown in the plan on page 23. The distances may be extended by 2 to 4 feet in the main windbreak (rows 3 to 10) if space is available. The trees or shrubs used in the snow catch (rows 1 and 2) should be planted 4 feet apart in the row; all other trees should be planted 6 feet apart in the row. The trees in rows 3 and 5 may be cut for fuel cr posts whenever they begin to crowd the more hardy, long-lived trees in rows 4 and 6.

ORDER EARLY

The best time for planting the shelter belt is early spring just after the frost goes out of the ground. Place your order early in the winter, so that shipment can be made at the best possible time for planting. This will also give greater assurance that your order will be filled.

NUMBER TO ORDER

The spacing of the trees and shrubs is standard, so the number will depend on the length of shelter belt needed to give your farmstead adequate protection. You will find it desirable to add 10 per cent to your estimates. These extra trees and shrubs can be planted in some convenient place for subsequent use in making replacments.

	PRI				BELT EVERGREENS Trees are Prepaid				
(Trans) Inc				— (Sdlgs.) Indicates Seedl	inge			
ARBORVITAE.	, ,	licates	, iiai	ishiaires	— (Juigsi) illuicates Jeeul	iliga			
AMERICAN 10	25	100	250	500	PINE, WHITE 10	25	100	250	500
Sdlgs. 4-6 in	\$ 2.00	\$ 7.00	\$16.50	\$31.00	Sdigs. 4-6 in.	\$ 2.00	\$ 7.00	\$16.50	\$31.00
Sdlgs. 6-8 in.	2.50	9.00	21.75	40.00	Sdlgs. 4-6 in. Sdlgs. 6-8 in.	2.50	9.00	21.75	40-00
Trans. 9-12 in 4.00	9.50	35.00			Trans. 6-9 in 2.25	5.50	20.00		
Trans. 12-18 in 6.00	14.25	53.50			Trans. 9-12 in 3.00	6.75	25.00		
JUNIPER, RED CEDAR									
Sdlgs. 6-8 in	3.05	11.50	27.30	51.90	SPRUCE, BLACK HILLS				
Sdlgs. 8-10 in	3.80	14.75	35.00	66.50	Sdlgs. 4-6 in	2,25	8.00	19.00	36.00
Trans. 6-9 in 2.25	5.25	20.00	47.00	90.00	Sdlgs. 6-8 in	2,75	10.00	23.50	45.00
Trans. 9-12 in 3.00	6.75	25.00	60.00	115.00	Trans. 6-9 in 3.00	6.95	24.95	60.00	115.00
Trans. 12-18 in 4.25	9.50	35.00	84.00	160.00	Trans. 9-12 in 4.25	9.95	35.50		
JUNPER, SILVER CEDAR									
Sdlgs. 6-8 in	3.05	11.50	27.30	51.90	SPRUCE, COLORADO BLUE				
Sdlgs. 8-10 in	3.80	14.75	35.00	66.50	Sdlgs. 4-6 in	2.25	8.00	19.00	36.00
PINE, AUSTRIAN					Sdlgs. 6-8 in	2.75	10.00	23.50	45.00
Trans. 6-9 in 2.25	5.50	20.00	47.25	90.00	Trans. 6-9 in 3.00	6.95	24.95	60.00	115.00
PINE, JACK					Trans. 9-12 in 4.25	9.95	35.50	00.00	113100
Trans. 9-12 in 1.50	3.55	13.50	32.00	60.80	1101131 3 42 1111 4123	3.33	33130		
Trans. 12-18 in 1.85	4.40	16.75	39.75	75.50	SPRUCE, NORWAY				
PINE, NORWAY						2.00	7.00	10 50	21.00
Trans. 6-9 in 2.25	5.50	20.00	47.25	90.00	Sdlgs. 4-6 in	2.00	7.00	16.50	31.00
Trans. 9-12 in 3.00	6.75	25.00	60.00	115.00	Sdlgs. 6-8 in Trans. 6-9 in	2.50 5.95	9.00 19.95	21.75	40.00
PINE, PONDEROSA					Trans. 9-12 in 3.00	6.95	24.95	60.00	115.00
Sdigs. 6-8 in	2.50	9.00	21.75	40.00	Trans. 12-18 in 4.25	9.95	34.95	84.50	165.00
Trans. 6-9 in 2.25	5.50	20.00	47.25	90.00	11 aus. 12-10 til 4.25	2,33	34.33	04.50	102.00
PINE, SCOTCH		20.00	47.0-						
Trans. 6-9 in 2.25	5.50	20.00	47.25	90.00	SPRUCE, WHITE				
Trans. 9-12 in 3.00	6.75	25.00	60.00	115.00	Sdlgs. 4-6 in	2.25	8.00	19.00	36.00
Trans. 12-18 in 4.25	9.50	35.00	84.00	160.00	Trans. 6-9 in 2.25	5.50	20.00	47.25	90.00
Trans. 18-24 in 6.00	13.50	49.50			Trans. 9-12 in 3.00	6.75	25.00	60.00	115.00

					CIDUOUS TREES Trees are Prepaid				
ASH, GREEN 10	50	100 \$ 2.10	500	1000	OLIVE, RUSSIAN 10	50	100	500	1000
6-12 in	2.75	\$ 2.10 4.75	\$ 8.75 21.25	\$16.00 40.00	6-12 in	\$ 2.25 3.50	\$ 4.50	\$22.00	
18-24 in 1.50	3.75	6.75	31.50	60.00	12-18 in. 2-3 ft. 3.25	12.50	6.50 22.50	29.50	
3-4 ft. 1.75	5.25	9.50	42.50	80.00	POPLAR, LOMBARDY	12.50	22:50		
4-5 ft. 2.50	8.25	12.00	57.50	110.00	18-24 in	4.25	7.00		
ELM, AMERICAN	5123	-2100	3.130	220100	2-3 ft. 1.10	6.50	10.50		
6-12 in		2.10	8,75	16.00	3-4 ft 1.35	8.50	14.75		
12-18 in.	2.10	3.65	16.50	30.00	SIBERIAN PEA TREE (Caraga	na)	24113		
18-24 in	2.75	4.75	21.25	40.00	6-12 in	1.85	3.50	16.00	30.00
2-3 ft 1.50	3.75	6.75	31,50	60.00	12-18 in.	3.10	5.75	26.00	47.50
3-4 ft. 1.75	5.25	9.50	42.50	80.00	18-24 in	4.10	7.25	34.00	65.00
ELM, CHINESE					2-3 ft 1.35	5.75	10.50	49.00	00.00
12-18 in	2.10	3.65	16.50	30.00	3-4 ft 1.65	7.25	13.50	64.10	
18-24 in.	2.75	4.75	21.25	40.00	WILLOW, GOLDEN				
2-3 ft 1.50	3.75	6.75	31.50	60.00	18-24 in	3.50	6.00		
3-4 ft. 1.75	5.25	9.50	42.50	80.00	3-4 ft 1.50	5.50	9.50		
		0.00	12.00	55.55	WILLOW, LAUREL LEAF				
HONEYSUCKLE, TARTARIAN	9.20	16.95			18-24 in	3.50	6.00		
12-18 in 2.20	10.50	19.50			3-4 ft 1.50	5.50	9.50		
18-24 in 2.50	10.20	13.30			WILLOW, NIOBE WEEPING				
MAPLE, SOFT OR SILVER					2-3 ft 2.25	8.50	14.75		
2-3 ft 1.75	5.25	9.50			3-4 ft 3.25	12.50	22.00		
3-4 ft 2.50	8.25	12.00			4-5 ft 4.00	16.50	30.00		



NORTHERN HEDGES

Frame your lawn or grounds with a hedge. You will take great pleasure in a hedge. You can either keep it trimmed or let it grow naturally.

Barberry, Thunberg (Berberis thunbergi.) It can be trimmed as a formal hedge or left untrimmed and informal. The leaves turn a brilliant red in autumn and the bright red berries are attractive throughout the fall and winter. It will tolerate some shade. It is rust free.

Barberry, Thunberg (atropurpurea, Red leaf). See page 28 for full description.

Buckthorn, Common (Rhamnus cathartica). If a heavy impenetrable barrier is desired this shrub will meet your needs. It may be trimmed as a formal hedge. It can be adjusted to desired height from 3 to about 8 feet. It is not recommended for rural areas because it is host to oat rust.

Cotoneaster, Peking. (Cotoneaster acutifolia). This handsome shrub with attractive, thick, glossy leaves is useful for medium sized flowering hedges. Clusters of small pink flowers appear in June followed by black fruit lasting almost through the winter. It may or may not be trimmed. Is thoroughly hardy.

Currant, Alpine (Ribes alpinum). The compact, upright habit of growth of this shrub makes it an outstanding hedge plant. It grows fairly well in heavy shade and holds the dark green foliage until late fall. It is excellent for trimming.

Honeysuckle (Lonicera). We offer three varieties of Honeysuckle

The Morrowi which makes the best trimmed Honeysuckle hedge.

The Tartarian will grow the tallest; to be used for an untrimmed hedge. It will reach a height of 12 feet.

The Zabeli will reach a height of 10 feet. It has the reddest flowers of all Honeysuckle.

State the variety you want.

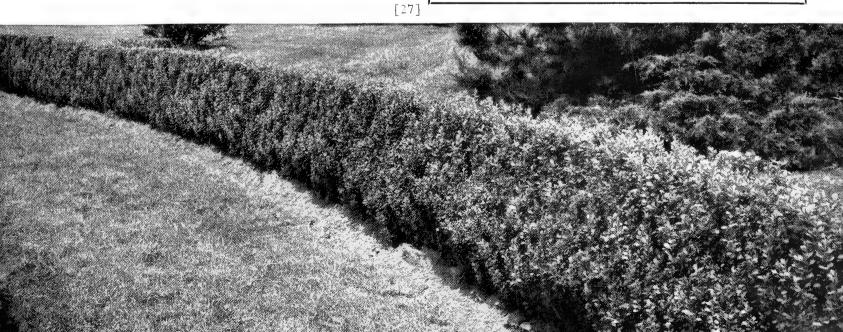
Siberian Pea Tree (Caragana arborescens). This large shrub is often used as a tall, informal, flowering hedge. It may or may not be trimmed. The small yellow flowers appear in May. The branches are somewhat spiny and the many small leaflets give the foliage a fine texture. It is thoroughly hardy and drought resistant.

Spirea, Vanhoutte (Spiraea vanhouttei). Here is a splendid flowering shrub that does not require trimming. In May and June the graceful branches are covered with white blossoms. When permitted to grow naturally it will reach a height of 6 to 8 feet.

PLANTING HEDGES

Bailey's hedge plants should be spaced 12 inches apart, excepting for Honeysuckle and Spirea Vanhoutte which may be spaced 2 feet apart. A single row of plants is enough for a good hedge. A double row is desirable only when a wide hedge is wanted quickly. A trench should be dug deep enough to receive the roots without crowding. If one side of the ditch is straight the plants may be set against it to form a straight hedge. The lower branches should be slightly covered with soil to insure dense branching.

PRICES OF HEDGE PLANTS (Per 100)	
Barberry, Thunberg (Greenleaf) 9-12" 12-18" 18-	24" 2-3' 0-00
(heavy grade) 30.00 50.00	
	5.00 45.00 2.50 17.50
Cotoneaster, Peking (heavy grade)	5.00 65.00
	18" 18-24" 5.00 \$70.00
(heavy grade) 35.00 5 Privet, Polish 20.00 2	0.00 60.00 5.00 35.00
Siberian Pea Tree (Caragana) (heavy grade) 15.00 2	5.00 30.00 0.00 15.00
Spirea, Vanhoutte	0.00 60.00



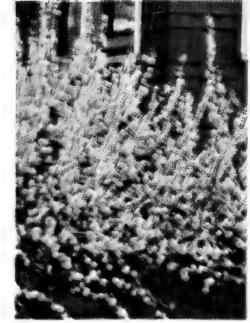
Plant Bailey's Flowering Shrubs

Bailey's 3 Year Old Shrubs —

are all well branched to give you an immediate effect in your landscaping. You should use flowering shrubs in all of your

landscaping. A foundation planting around your home. A frame for your outdoor living room. A screen to hide undesirable areas or views or as a specimen plant. You should select shrubs to have flowers and colorful foliage from early spring to late fall. In our description of each shrub, we show the time of bloom, and the height to which each shrub will grow. You can keep all shrubs trimmed to a desired height. It is good for the shrubs and makes them more bushy.

Almond, Double Flowering (Prunus glandulosa). Double, rose-like pink flowers cover the branches in early May. This shrub is best used in beds or in front of taller shrubs. It is not recommended for climates similar to northern Minnesota. Height 4 feet.



Pink Almon

Barberry, Red Leaf (Berberis thunbergi atropurpurea). Deep red leaves that last throughout the summer distinguish this attractive variety of the Thunberg Barberry. The color is best when the shrub is grown in full sunlight. It is used for shrub and evergreen borders. The bright red berries are colorful through fall and winter. It is not recommended for climates similar to northern Minnesota. Height 2 to 3 feet.

Barberry, Thunberg (Berberis thunbergi). This low, spreading shrub is very useful in foundation plantings, borders and hedges. It is colorful; the bright green leaves turn a brilliant red in autumn, while the attractive red berries are showy throughout the fall and winter. It is hardy and will tolerate shade. Height 4 to 5 feet.

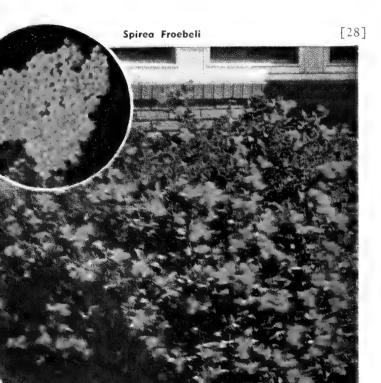
Cherry, Nanking (Prunus tomentosa). See page 7.

Crab, Flowering. (See page 12.)

Cotoneaster, Peking (Cotoneaster acutifolia). Clusters of small pink flowers appear in early June, followed by black fruits that last almost through winter. The leaves are dark and glossy. It is completely hardy and thrives on poor rather dry soils. Height 6 to 8 feet.

Currant, Alpine (Ribes alpinum). Here is an especially useful landscape shrub. The habit of growth is upright and compact. The leaves are small and dark green in color. It will grow in a variety of soils and will tolerate partial shade. It is thoroughly hardy. Height 4 feet, spread 3 feet.

Elder, Golden (Sambucus canadensis aurea). Bright golden yellow leaves mark this shrub throughout the summer. It makes a fine specimen and should be in full sunlight for the best color development. It is hardy and rapid growing. The tiny white flowers appear in flattened clusters late in June and are followed by black, edible berries. Height 6 to 8 feet.





Hydrangea A. G., Hills of Snow

Early This Spring for Next Summer's Bloom

Hydrangea P. G.

Tamarix

Spirea Billiardi



Blossoms from Shrubs Make Striking Bouquets FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI

(Golden Bells). The natural grace of the slender drooping branches filled with charming bright golden yellow, bell-shaped blossoms is a treat in early spring. There is no more beautiful shrub in its season. An upright shrub, 7 feet tall. Branches may be cut in late winter, brought indoors and forced into bloom.

HONEYSUCKLE, TARTARIAN

(Lonicera tatarica). This tall shrub is excellent for screens, backgrounds and specimens. The flowers are variously colored from pink to white, appearing late in May. Bright red berries offer color in late summer to autumn, and the gray bark is showy in winter. The shrub is thoroughly hardy and does fairly well in heavy shade. Height 8 to 10 feet.



(Lonicera korolkowi zabeli). Here is a vigorous upright Honeysuckle with attractive red flowers. It has bright red berries in late summer to autumn. It is hardy and does well in heavy shade. Height 8 to 10 feet.

HYDRANGEA, SNOWHILL

(Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora). The large clusters of white flowers of this shrub are somewhat more flattened than those of Peegee. It blooms profusely in July and early August. It is useful in borders and low foundation plantings. It is hardy and well adapted to shady locations. Height 4 feet, spread 4 feet.

HYDRANGEA, PEEGEE

(Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora). Its large heads of showy bloom are well known. The flowers do not appear until late summer; white at first, the color gradually changes to pink, later to purple. It is completely hardy. Height 4 to 6 feet.

LILACS

Lilac, French. Picture on back cover. The flower stalks of these Hybrid Lilacs are much larger than those of the common Lilac. It is not uncommon to see flower spikes 15 inches long. The outstanding qualities of these Lilacs are reflected

in the popular demand of the public. They may be used for screens, massing and specimens. They are thoroughly hardy and are somewhat smaller than the common Lilac. Height 8 to 10 feet. The varieties offered are listed on the back cover.

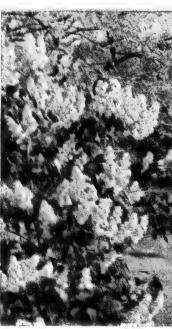
Lilac, Persian (Rothomagensis). A very profuse blooming red Lilac. It blooms later than other Lilacs, It is perfectly hardy. It does not sucker. Grows 6 to 8 feet in height.

Spirea Anthony Waterer





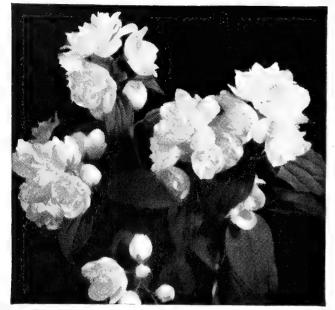
Zabeli Honeysuckle



Persian Lilac



[20]



Virginal Mock Orange

Mockorange MINNESOTA SNOWFLAKE

See Front Cover for Illustration and Description

Mockorange, Virginal (Philadelphus virginalis). This fragrant Mockorange is considered the finest large-flowered semi-double. The delicate, pure white flowers appear in profusion in May, lasting over a long season. It is useful as a screen, background or specimen. It is thoroughly hardy. Height 6 to 7 feet.

Mockorange, Golden (Philadelphus coronarius, Golden). This compact shrub has brilliant yellow foliage. It is a mass of white flowers in May and June. It seldom grows over 4 feet tall and is useful in borders, specimen and foundation plantings.

Plum, Cistena (Prunus cistena). The showy, rich, purplish foliage of this Plum is probably the most striking of the red-leaved varieties. The best color development is obtained in full sunlight. The bark is an attractive reddish brown. An effective contrast can be obtained by planting the tree where it will show against a background. Height 4 to 5 feet.

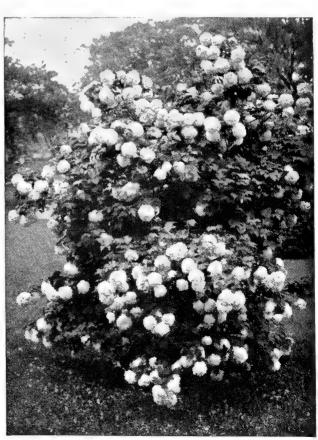
Plum, Double Flowering (Prunus triloba, Double Flowering). This fine shrub is covered with pink, rose-like flowers in April and May. It is sometimes known as the "Rose Tree of China." It has colorful, glossy brown bark. Height 6 to 8 feet.

Plum, Newport (Prunus americana, Purple Leaf). The shining, reddish purple leaves make up a showy summer foliage. Height 15 feet.

Snowball (Viburnum opulus sterile). You will recognize this shrub as one that has stood up well through the years. Its large, round clusters of white flowers are a familiar sight in May and June. It grows fairly well in heavy shade. Height 6 to 8 feet.

Snowberry (Symphoricarpos albus). The rather attractive foliage is formed of rich green, oval-shaped leaves. Dainty pink flowers appear in June. While the flowers are not especially showy, the clusters of large, pure white berries that follow are of striking attractiveness from September through winter. It is very hardy and does well in fairly heavy shade. It is useful in shrub borders. Height 3 to 4 feet.

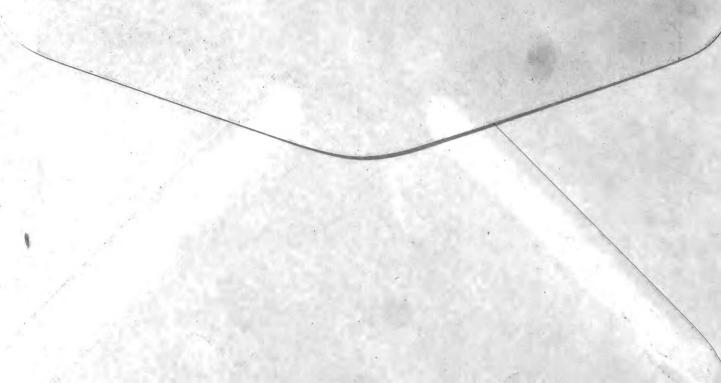
Snowberry (Symphoricarpos vulgaris). This is a very fast growing shrub commonly called Red Snowberry or Coralberry. It does very well in the shade. The flowers are followed by long slender fruit of coral-red that cluster along the stem.

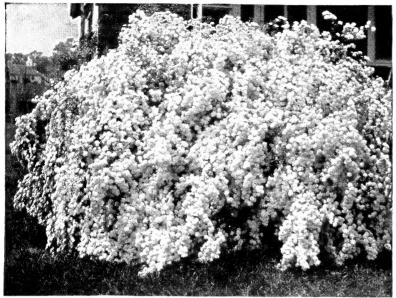


Snowball

J. V. BAILEY NURSERIES

ST. PAUL 6, MINNESOTA





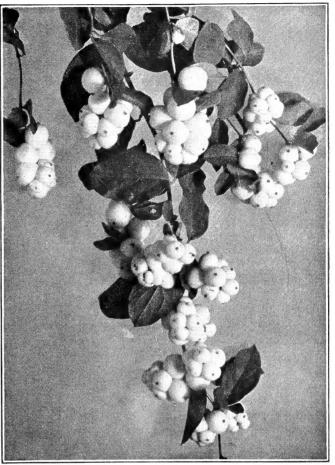
Spirea Vanhoutte

Spirea, Anthony Waterer (Spiraea bumalda, Anthony Waterer). Masses of rosy crimson flowers appear in July and continue irregularly throughout the summer. It is possibly the most popular of the low-growing shrubs. It is very useful in shrub borders and foundation plantings. It is hardy and does well in fairly heavy shade. Height 3 feet, spread 3 feet.

Spirea, Billiardi (Lilac Spirea). An upright habit of growth and long, narrow panicles of bright rose flowers make this a splendid Spirea. It blooms in July and August, and does fairly well in partial shade. Height 4 to 6 feet.

Spirea, Froebel (Spirea bumalda froebeli). This very fine shrub is similar to Anthony Waterer, excepting that the leaves turn to purplish red in autumn and the bloom is not so continuous throughout the summer.

Spirea, Vanhoutte (Spirea vanhouttei). Many admirers know this shrub as "Bridal Wreath." The small leaves give the foliage a fine texture, and the recurving habit of the branches provides gracefulness. The branches are covered with white blossoms in mid-spring. It is useful in shrub borders, foundation plantings and hedges. It is thoroughly hardy. Height 6 to 8 feet.



Snowberry

Tamarix, Kashgar (Tamarix hispida). Feathery, bluish gray foliage gives this shrub an unusual airy charm. It bears long panicles of bright pink flowers in July and August. It may be used in group plantings, corners and as specimens. Height 12 to 15 feet.

PRICES OF ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS				
,	-18″		2-3/	3-4
Almond, Pink Double Flowering		\$1.15	\$1.60	-
Barberry, Red-Leaf		T		
Barberry, Thunberg				
Cherry, Nanking			1.35	1.75
Cotoneaster, Peking	.50	.90	1.25	1.75
Currant, Alpine		1.35		
Elder, Golden		.60	1.00	1.25
Forsythia Fortunei			1.00	1.25
Honeysuckle, Tartarian Pink		.75	1.00	1.25
Honeysuckle, Zabeli		.75	1.00	1.25
Hydrangea, Peegee	.75	1.20	1.60	
Hydrangea, Snowhill	.75	1.20	1.60	
Lilac, French Hybrids		1.50	2.25	
Lilac, Persian		.85	1.35	1.65
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Mockorange, Minnesota Snowflake		1.25	1.50	2.00
Mockorange, Virginal		1.25	1.50	
Plum, Cistena		1.25	1.75	2.50
Plum, Double Flowering		1.25	1.75	2.50
Plum, Newport		1.25	1.75	2.50
Snowball		1.00		
Snowberry, White		.75	1.00	
Snowberry, Red		.75	1.00	
Spirea, Anthony Waterer	.85	1.25		
Spirea, Billiardi		.75	1.00	
Spirea, Froebel	.60	1.00	1.25	
Spirea, Vanhoutte		.50	.85	
Tamarix, Kashgar		.90	1.25	1.50

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- Bleeding Heart. The old favorite.
- Climbing Rose. Blaze, double red climber.

French Lilacs. For beautiful, fragrant flowers.

BLAZE Everblooming



BLAZE CLIMBING ROSE

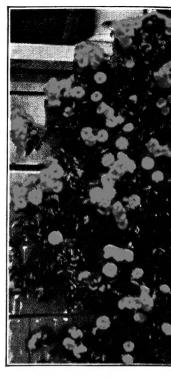
Most popular red everblooming climber. Completely covered with blazing scarlet in June and constantly recurs the rest of the summer and fall. Buy Blaze for the greatest show in Rosedom. \$1.50 each; 3 or more, \$1.35 each.

Turn to pages 16 to 21 for more choice Roses.

BLEEDING HEART

This flower has kept its popularity through the years and rightly so, for it is perfectly hardy and at home in the partly shaded border. **Strong plants, 85c each;** 3 for \$2.25.





Bailey's BLOOMING SIZE FRENCH LILACS

